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# CHHATTISGARH STATE JUDICIARY SYLLABUS

#### SYLLABUS AND SCHEME FOR CONDUCT OF THE EXAMINATION Delhi Judicial

**Service Examination** will be held in two successive stages:- (i) Delhi Judicial Service Preliminary Examination (Objective type with 25% negative marking) for selection for the Mains Examination (Written), and (ii) Delhi Judicial Service MainsExamination (Written) for selection of candidates for calling for Viva-Voce.

#### PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION

The Preliminary Examination will be a screening test of qualifying nature and will consist of one paper ofmultiple choice questions carrying maximum of 200 marks. In the preliminary examination questions on general legal knowledge and aptitude of the candidate, candidate's power of expression, flair in English, knowledge of objective type legal problems and their solutions covering The Constitution of India; The Codeof Civil Procedure, 1908; The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973; The Indian Penal Code; The Indian Contract Act, 1872; The Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008; The Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996; The Indian Evidence Act, 1872; The Specific Relief Act, 1963; The Limitation Act, 1963; The Protection of Children fromSexual Offences Act, 2012 and The Commercial Courts Act, 2015 will be included.

### <u>Mains Examination (Written)</u>

The Mains Examination (Written) will include the following subjects (each subject to carry the number of marks shown against it):

SI.No. Subjects Max. Marks

1. General Legal Knowledge & Language: 250

2. Civil Law- I: 200

3. Civil Law- II: 200

4. Criminal Law: 200



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### **DELHI STATE JUDICIARY SYLLABUS**

- 1. GENERAL LEGAL KNOWLEDGE AND LANGUAGE This paper shall comprise of two Sections:- Section I: General Legal Knowledge:- This is to test the candidate's knowledge of current legal affairs etc. (100 Marks). Section II: Language (Essay, Translation, and Precis Writing):- This is to test the candidate's knowledge and power of expression in English. Credit will be given both for substance and expression. Conversely deduction will be made for bad expression, faults of grammar and misuse of words etc. There will be two passages for translations one in English which will be required to be translated into Hindi (in Devnagri Script) and the second passage in Hindi (in Devnagri Script) shall be required to be translated into English. (150 Marks)
- 2. Civil Law-I The Indian Contract Act, 1872; The Sale of Goods Act, 1930; The Transfer of Property Act, 1882; The Specific Relief Act, 1963; Hindu Law; Mohammaden Law; The Delhi Rent Control Act, 1958;
- Law of Torts; The New Delhi Municipal Council Act, 1994; The Delhi Municipal Corporation Act, 1957 and The Commercial Courts Act, 2015. (200 Marks)
- 3. Civil Law-II The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908; The Indian Evidence Act, 1872; The Limitation Act, 1963; The Registration Act, 1908; The Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996; The Trade Marks Act, 1999 and The Copyright Act, 1957. (200 Marks)
- 4. Criminal Law The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973; The Indian Penal Code; The Indian Evidence Act, 1872; The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005; The Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881; The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015. (200 Marks)